EXHIBIT K-3

Page 141 1 Goldhamer - direct 2 time to do it. I am usually doing this during a two to three minute commercial break. 4 5 There is only so much time and 6 just to vary it up so the top contestants 7 aren't always the first. 8 What do you do with the card, 9 Exhibit 36, once you put the stickers on? 10 The card is delivered generally 11 almost in the nick of time from the hosts 12 when they are coming back from the 13 commercial and read it on the air. 14 Q. Do you give that information to 15 anybody else? 16 It is given -- at the point where we prepared the card we call the truck where 17 the director and the folks who work on his 18 19 team and they use that information we 20 understand to just position the cameras so 21 they can anticipate which girl is going to 22 be called next. 23 How much time passes between the moment the card is created and the moment 24

that it is announced that the top ten are

25

Page 142 1 Goldhamer - direct 2 announced on live television? It is a few minutes. So it varies 3 from show to show. 5 It depends on from time to time anywhere from two minutes to five minutes at 7 the most because sometimes we deliver to the They come back from commercial. 9 They show a videotape to the audience so there might be an extra minute 10 or two built in there but it is usually less 11 than -- it is called seven minutes at the 12 very, very high end. 13 14 Is that information on the card 15 given to anyone else other than the production truck and the host before it is 16 17 announced on live television? 18 Α. No. 19 Q. Then once we are down to ten what 20 happens? 21 Α. So the ten compete in the evening 22 gown competition and it is basically the 23 same routine. 24 It is the Olympic-type scoring 25 system where the judges -- as the girls are

Page 143 1 Goldhamer - direct coming out one by one are entering their 2 scores into their respective judges' 3 terminals during the evening gown 4 5 competition. 6 0. Exhibit 12? 7 Α. Yes. 8 0. What is Exhibit 12? 9 Exhibit 12 is the detail of the Α. specific votes that were cast by the judges 10 11 in the evening gown competition. 12 0. What does this Exhibit 12 take us down to in terms of the number of 13 14 contestants? 15 Α. It takes us down to five. 16 Q. Once, sorry. Is Exhibit 12 created in the same 17 18 manner as Exhibit 11? 19 Exact same. It is a dot matrix Α. 20 It prints out real time. printer. 21 Literally, the exact same. same. 22 The judges type in the information Q. on their key pad, it goes right to your 23 24 secure computer. This prints, you retabulate and confirm and then you put it 25

Page 144 1 Goldhamer - direct 2 on a card? 3 A. Correct. Yes. We use this card. 4 Which is Exhibit 37? 0. 5 Α. 37, yes. Exact same thing. б 0. That gets us down to how many? 7 It gets us down to five. Α. 8 How much time exists between the Q. moment you create the card and the moment it 9 is announced on national television? 10 11 It varies. I actually brought the Α. show rundown. I can tell you exactly. 12 13 Q. Just give us the rough. 14 Α. It is a handful of minutes. Evening gown -- so this one is about, let's 15 16 call it, the same, seven minutes or so. Prior to you creating that card no 17 Ο. 18 such card exists, is that right? 19 Α. Yes. I create it. 20 Then we have five left and how do Q. 21 we get to the finalist? 22 The finalist goes through some Α. interviews on stage with the host and the 23 judges ask some questions and the last event 24 25 is a ranking.

Page 145 1 Goldhamer - direct 2 The ranking is done ranking them 1 3 through 5. 4 So the girls are brought out one 5 by one and as each judge's evaluating the girls, this is the girl that should be in 6 the first place or winner they would enter a 7 1 on to this computer system, into the 8 9 terminal. 10 The second place would be 2, 3, 4 11 and 5. 12 The way the system works there is another control to the terminal where the 13 keys actually illuminate and if somebody has 14 voted 4 for the first girl, when the next 15 girl comes out 4 is no longer illuminated. 16 17 That just prevents the judge from voting two places for two different girls --18 same place for two different girls. 19 20 THE ARBITRATOR: May I ask a 21 question? 22 People vote before they have 23 actually heard each of the contestants? 24 THE WITNESS: No. So the sequence 25 of events is the swimsuit gets 16 to 10,

Page 146 1 Goldhamer - direct 2 the evening gown gets 10 to 5 and then the girls go through typically one or 3 two rounds of interview-type questions 4 after which point the judges then need 5 to listen to everything they have heard 6 7 and rank them 1 through 5. 8 BY MR. BALBER: 9 Q. Are you aware of something called the final look? 10 11 Α. I am. 12 What is the final look? Q. The final look is what I was just 13 Α. describing where the girls are coming out, 14 contestants are coming out one at a time. 15 16 The judges get I assume a final 17 look but what they are doing is entering 18 their scores at that point. This is after the interviews have 19 Q. 20 all taken place? 21 This is the last sequence, Α. Yes. 22 yes. 23 So the judges are typing again on Ο. the key pad. They are ranking 1 to 5 and 24 25 that data goes to your secure terminal.

		Page	147
] 1	Goldhamer - direct		
2	A. Yes.		
3	Q. What do you with that information?		
4	A. So it works very similar. I		
5	assume you probably have an exhibit.		
6	Q. Why don't we look at Exhibit 13		
7	and 14?		
8	A. Yes.		
9	13 is the exact same thing. It		
10	says interview but it is actually the final		
11	ranking.		
12	It happens after the interview.		
13	It is essentially the same thing. They are		
14	entering 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 there.		
15	You can probably make it out		
16	there.		
17	The computer tabulates again who		
18	the winners are and the top contestant, the		
19	top scoring contestant broadcasts Miss USA		
20	and the second is the first runner up and so		
21	on down the line.		
22	Q. By the way, that is your signature		
23	on the top of the page?		
24	A. It is.		
25	Q. Exhibit 14?		

	1		·····	
			Page	148
	1	Goldhamer - direct		
	2	A. Yes.		
	3	Q. What is that?		
i	4	A. It is the printout from our		
	5	spreadsheet which has the same thing so we		
	6	are replicating the exact same thing that is		
	7	happening.		
	8	That is just the printout from my		
	9	spreadsheet.		
	10	Q. Do you take that information and		
	11	put it on a card?		
	12	A. I do.		
	13	Q. That is Exhibit 37?		
	14	A. That is 38.		
	15	Q. 38?		
	16	A. That's right. This one works a		
	17	little differently.		
	18	Same way in terms of assigning		ı
	19	labels to it. Attaching labels to it except		
	20	this is one that I personally deliver to the		
	21	host on live television.		
	22	Q. Again		
	23	THE ARBITRATOR: That one is not		
2	24	done randomly.		
4	25	THE WITNESS: That is not random.		

Page 149 1 Goldhamer - direct 2 That is right. This is not random. 3 Very specific. BY MR. BALBER: 4 5 ٥. You are taking information from 6 Exhibit 13 and 14 and you are creating that 7 card? 8 Α. Correct. How much time is there between the 9 ٥. 10 moment you create that card, Exhibit 38, and the moment it is announced on national 11 television. 12 13 Α. I am an accountant. That one is probably four or five minutes again. 14 Prior to you creating that card it 15 does not exist? 16 The card exists. It doesn't exist 17 with the labels on it. 18 19 Q. Does anybody see that card other 20 than you, the other folks from Ernst & Young 21 and the technical people who are operating 22 the computer? 23 Α. No. Nobody. 24 Q. Again you call the truck with the 25 information?

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Page 150
  1
                          Goldhamer - direct
  2
               Α.
                     Yes.
  3
                     And you deliver it to the host?
               Q.
  4
              Α.
                     Correct.
  5
                     It is announced on live
              0.
  6
          television?
  7
              Α.
                     Correct.
                    MR. BALBER: We offer Exhibits 36,
  8
  9
              37, 38.
 10
                     THE ARBITRATOR: Okay. Admitted.
11
              I don't think I have those.
12
                    MR. BALBER: We don't. These are
13
              the actual cards.
                     (Claimant's Exhibit 36 received in
14
15
              evidence)
16
                    (Claimant's Exhibit 37 received
17
              in evidence)
18
                    (Claimant's Exhibit 38 received in
19
              evidence)
                    MR. BALBER: We will give them to
20
21
             you before you leave.
       BY MR. BALBER:
22
23
                   After the pageant did you come to
         learn that some allegations were made about
24
25
         it being rigged?
```

Page 151 1 Goldhamer - direct 2 Α. I did. 3 Did you and Ernst & Young prepare Q. any press statement to respond to those 4 5 allegations? 6 Α. We did. Let me show you what has been Q. 8 marked as Exhibit 22? 9 Α. Okay. 10 ٥. What is Exhibit 22? 11 Exhibit 22 is a statement that we Α. released in response to those allegations 12 that you referenced. 13 14 Ο. Who is the "we?" 15 Ernst & Young, but I worked on it with our public relations representative 16 17 which is a guy named Charlie Perkins. 18 Ο. Is it fair to say that the purpose of this memo was to confirm that Ernst & 19 Young was independent, is that right? 20 21 Α. Correct. 22 And that Ernst & Young had ٥. designed the controls that were put in place 23 24 for the judging? 25 I don't know if that was the Α.

Page 152 1 Goldhamer - direct 2 purpose. We certainly did but I don't know 3 4 if that was the purpose. 5 The purpose was to make it clear to the media and others who were interested 6 what our role was, what we did, when we did 7 it, when information was calculated and 8 9 known and when it was not. 10 You say in the memo that Ernst &Young independently tabulated the judge's 11 12 votes? 13 Α. Correct. 14 0. And that the results of the tabulation remained under Ernst & Young's 15 control until they were presented to the 16 host during the live broadcast? 17 18 Α. Correct, yes. 19 Q. You also say in your memo that no one could have seen either list, meaning the 20 final ten or the final five, beforehand, 21 22 right? 23 Yes. Miss Universe Organization, Donald Trump, NBC, the celebrity judges nor 24 any of the contestants could have known what 25

Page 153 1 Goldhamer - direct the final five were before the evening gown 2 competition because the tabulation was 3 completed and verified by us. 4 5 And the list was created by you? 0. 6 Α. Yes, and the order. 7 MR. BALBER: We have no further 8 questions. 9 THE ARBITRATOR: Just -- does 10 Ernst & Young participate in the 11 rehearsal? 12 THE WITNESS: We do. 13 THE ARBITRATOR: During the rehearsal do you prepare any lists or 14 anything like that, who is going to be 15 16 in the top 16 or top five? 17 THE WITNESS: Sure. 18 So there is two different -- there are three different types of rehearsals. 19 20 There is rehearsals that go on throughout the week and there is lots of 21 22 lists of groups. 23 You can imagine 51 contestants, trying to keep track of who rehearsed in 24 25 certain segments and who hasn't, so

Page 154 1 Goldhamer - direct there are lots of lists, not having 2 3 anything to do with us, but we know because we have a copy of the whole book 5 and binder, all the lists. 6 This is one list. There is a rehearsal that happens the day before 7 the show, generally called start-stop. 8 9 We are more actively attuned to the lists because we generally attend 10 the start-stop rehearsal so we like to 11 see the flow of the show, the timing of 12 13 the show. Every show is a little different 14 and we plan things down to a few seconds 15 16 and so changes in the show, even things that are happening at the very last 17 18 moment, we are very interested in understanding what those changes are and 19 20 how it impacts. 21 We have something like 100 tasks that we have to do during the course of 22 23 the show. We practice that. 24 The third type of rehearsal is the dress rehearsal which happens just 25

i	l			
			Page	155
	1	Goldhamer - direct		
	2	before the live show, a few hours before		
	3	the live show and essentially is a run		
l	4	through of the two hours, almost real		
	5	time, and there is for that rehearsal		ļ
	6	there is a list of 16 contestants that		
l	7	are identified but from that point		
l	8	onward, just like real life, just from		
	9	that point onward who is going to		
	10	proceed from 16 to 10 to 5 to the winner		
	11	is something we do sort of real time on		
	12	the fly to practice the tabulation		
	13	without working towards a predicted		
ł	14	outcome so that is the third type of		
	15	rehearsal.		
	16	There is lists associated with		
	17	each of those and we participate mostly		
	18	just in the start-stop and in the dress		
	19	rehearsal.		ı
	20	THE ARBITRATOR: You create those		
	21	lists for the rehearsal?		
•	22	THE WITNESS: We don't.		
	23	THE ARBITRATOR: You don't?		l
2	24	THE WITNESS: We don't.		
4	25	The only thing we do create for		

Page 156 1 Goldhamer - direct rehearsals are -- for the dress 3 rehearsal, we practice with the labels because that is the real time. 4 5 We want to see how long it takes 6 to put the labels on the cards and practice that and then for -- we have a 8 saying, a determination for the dress 9 rehearsal only who is going continue 10 from 16 to 10 to 5 to 1 because that is 11 not predetermined and we want to 12 practice based on people standing in for judges what the actual outcome would be 13 14 and just watch the flow of the show that 15 way. BY MR. BALBER: 16 17 Just so I am clear, during the rehearsal you actually are delivering a card 18 19 to a pretend host? 20 Α. During the rehearsal we do it just like we would during the real show. 21 22 Ο. Am I correct that the 51 girls who are competing would actually see the cards 23 24 delivered to the hosts? They may not see -- certainly see 25 Α.

Page 157

1	
1	Goldhamer - direct
2	the final card because it is happening on
3	stage with all of them present there.
4	The 16 to 10 and the 10 to 5 and
5	the top 16 card, the initial card, they may
6	not see it because it is happening off the
7	wing to the side where the hosts go to grab
8	a drink of water so during a commercial
9	break typically the hosts go off stage, they
10	are reviewing their script, getting dabbed
11	with makeup and we would go over that at a
12	station and deliver the card.
13	THE ARBITRATOR: But during the
14	rehearsal?
15	THE WITNESS: During the rehearsal
16	and during the live show. Same thing.
17	THE ARBITRATOR: When these cards
18	are prepared for the rehearsal what is
19	done with them after the rehearsal?
20	THE WITNESS: After the rehearsal
21	I would not know that.
22	THE ARBITRATOR: You don't take
23	charge?
24	THE WITNESS: No. Our job is to
25	ensure we verify, tabulate, deliver a

(40)

Page 158 1 Goldhamer - direct card and make sure that the right 2 3 winners are announced on stage. 4 After that it is just a card with 5 labels on it that we don't have much of an interest in. 7 BY MR. BALBER: 8 Ο. One other question that the judge asked Ms. Shugart. She didn't have a 9 10 precise answer. 11 Where do you and your team physically sit during the live broadcast? 12 13 Α. It varies from show to show. are typically in the house at a place where 14 we have a view of the stage; usually 15 16 cordoned off area. You will see a lighting table or 17 18 table sort of towards the back or side of the house mixing with the audience but back 19 so in this case for this show we were 20 probably I think behind the audience sort of 21 22 like stadium type seating. 23 THE ARBITRATOR: So the 24 contestants are nowhere near you? 25 THE WITNESS: No. We are in the

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Page 159
   1
                           Goldhamer - direct
   2
               back of the house.
         BY MR. BALBER:
   3
  4
                     By the way, you prepared the
               Q.
           rehearsal cards. You said that a minute
  5
  6
           ago.
  1
                     Let me ask it differently.
          put the stickers on the cards for the
  8
  9
          rehearsal?
 10
              Α.
                     Yes.
 11
                    Do you know whether the final five
              Ο.
          rehearsal card was identical and in the same
 12
          order as the actual final telecast five?
13
14
                    So highly unlikely and I would
              Α.
          think the answer is, no, but I want to say
15
          no, but, without actually -- I don't recall.
16
                    You have no reason to believe it
17
              Ο.
18
          was the same as the final five?
19
              Α.
                    No, because -- no.
20
                    Being an accountant what would be
              Q.
                                                                        50
         the mathematical odds of your top five being
21
         ranked in the same order in the rehearsal as
22
         the ultimate final five being ranked in the
23
24
         same order?
25
             Α.
                    Speculation.
                                  I am not a
```

```
Page 160
   1
                           Goldhamer - direct
           statistical accountant. I am a practical
   2
   3
           accountant.
                     I don't -- unlikely.
   5
                     Exponentially large?
               Q.
  6
                     Certainly would be reasonable to
               Α.
           say unlikely. How is that for an answer?
  7
  8
               Q.
                     Good enough.
  9
                     MR. BALBER: No final questions.
 10
                     THE ARBITRATOR:
                                      Thank you.
 11
                     MR. BALBER: Shall we take the
 12
              lunch break?
 13
                     THE ARBITRATOR: Yes.
                                             This is a
 14
              good time?
 15
                     (Luncheon recess: 1:42 p.m.)
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
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			Page	161
	1	Heitkamp - direct		
	2	AFTERNOON SESSION		
	3	2:19 p.m.		
	4	CRAIG HEITKAMP, called as a witness by the		
	5	Claimant, having been duly sworn,		
	6	testified as follows:		
	7	DIRECT EXAMINATION		
	8	BY MR. BALBER:		
	9	Q. Mr. Heitkamp, where are you		
	10	currently employed?		
	11	A. I work for Future Productions.		
	12	Q. What is your position there?		
	13	A. Vice president.		
	14	Q. You are also an owner of Future		
	15	Productions?		
	16	A. I am, yes.		
	17	Q. Who is the other owner?		
	18	A. My wife.		
	19	Q. What does Future Productions do?		
2	20	A. We produce seven of the state		
2	21	events for the Miss Universe organization.		
2	22	Q. How long has Future Productions		
2	23	been in this business?		1
2	4	A. We are in our 11th year of		
2	5	producing state events.		

Page 162 1 Heitkamp - direct 2 You said you produce for seven Q. 3 states. Which states are those? 4 They are Colorado, Wyoming, North 5 Dakota, South Dakota, Iowa, Wisconsin and 6 Wyoming. 7 Excuse me. 8 Wisconsin -- Colorado, Wyoming, North Dakota, South Dakota Minnesota, Iowa 9 and Wisconsin. Those are the seven. 10 11 THE ARBITRATOR: A lot of swing 12 states in there. 13 MR. BALBER: Your states may 14 decide the election. 15 BY MR. BALBER: 16 Q. Am I correct that Future Productions is a franchisee of the 17 Miss Universe organization? 18 19 Α. Correct, yes. 20 As a franchisee that is the Q. mechanism by which you produce these state 21 22 events? 23 Correct. We franchise the rights Α. from the Miss Universe organization to use 24 their brand or their trademark within those 25

Page 163 1 Heitkamp - direct states to produce our event. 2 3 Are you aware of any other Q. franchisee that produces as many states or 5 more than you do? 6 Α. No. We are the largest at seven. 7 What is the role of Future Ο. Productions as a franchisee of 8 9 Miss Universe? 10 Well, there are a number of them. Α. 11 The primary ones are to produce a state event, to produce an event where we 12 crown two winners, one of which goes to the 13 Miss Teen USA and one which goes to the 14 Miss USA pageant. 15 16 The second is help those 17 individuals, those girls who win, those 14 title holders, two per state, seven states, 18 to prepare and be ready to compete at the 19 20 national pageant. 21 The third piece is we oversee and manage their careers basically for that year 22 so we oversee their appearances, their media 23 interactions, endorsements, et cetera. 24 25 And then the fourth piece of that

Page 164 1 Heitkamp - direct is that we kind of serve as an advocate for 2 the Miss Universe organization within our 3 state. 5 We are sort of the grass roots structure for Miss Universe within our 6 7 states. 8 How do the contestants come to Ο. participate in the statewide events? 9 10 They all apply on our web site. We take a look at that and we accept a 11 certain number of them and then those 12 individuals sign up to compete and they pay 13 a registration fee in order to compete in 14 15 the event. 16 Does Future Productions as a ο. franchisee pay a fee to the Miss Universe 17 18 organization? 19 Every state varies based on Α. population and pageant size and popularity. 20 21 We pay a franchisee fee of various amounts in each state each year for the 22 23 right to produce those. 24 I think you testified a minute ago Q. 25 that you receive entry fees from

Page 165 1 Heitkamp - direct 2 contestants? 3 Α. Correct. 4 What are the other sources of Q. revenue for Future Productions? 5 6 Α. There are only two main ones. Ιt 7 is the registration fees from the contestants, they pay an amount. 8 9 vary from state to state to enter the event. 10 And the other piece is ticket 11 revenue from friends and families and 12 audience members coming to watch the shows. 13 Other than the franchise fee you 0. 14 pay to Miss Universe are there other costs associated with running your organization? 15 16 Α. I mean all the costs. Yes. 17 Everything that is required to 18 produce the event is on our bill so it is 19 the venue rental, the transportation, the 20 housing, the food, the production cost, the salary, insurance, everything. 21 22 Are some of those costs fixed and Q. 23 some variable meaning some you have to pay 24 regardless of the number of girls and some 25 vary depending upon how many girls compete?

Page 166 1 Heitkamp - direct 2 Almost all of them are fixed Α. regardless if we have one contestant or 100 3 contestants the venue rental is the same, 4 5 the insurance cost is the same. The only variables are the housing 6 and the meals for the contestants which is 7 8 pretty minor. 9 It is fair to say that once you have covered your fixed costs with the entry 10 fees and the ticket sales the rest above 11 12 that is all profit? 13 99 percent of it. We have a Α. pretty good idea as an organization how many 14 contestants we need to have in order to 15 16 break even. 17 Ο. You are aware that we are here because Ms. Monnin made some public 18 statements about the Miss Universe 19 20 organization? 21 Α. Yes. 22 And have those public statements, Q. i.e., that the pageant is rigged, have had 23 any impact, any negative impact on your 24 25 seven states?

Page 167 1 Heitkamp - direct 2 Α. Yes. I mean, we now, this fall, 3 have produced five of our seven events and we have answered a lot of questions from 4 5 state contestants, mostly their parents 6 really, on whether there was any validity to 7 that, is there any concern on our end, should they be concerned. 8 9 We certainly answered a lot of 10 questions in those in that recruitment process of getting girls to sign up and 11 12 compete. 13 Ο. These are questions by girls, by their parents. How frequently have you 14 15 faced those questions in four or five months since the comments were made? 16 17 Probably had 20 to 25 questions 18 asked and for every one that is willing to 19 prompt the question I am sure there are quite a few that don't ever make the phone 20 call if there is a concern. 21 22 That is a substantial amount. 23 That is incredibly abnormal. 24 We have been doing this for a long

time so the nature of the conversations you

25

Page 168 1 Heitkamp - direct have with the contestants are pretty 2 3 consistent year to year. 4 It is unusual to have those types 5 of questions posed. 6 Ο. Have seen any impact on the ability of your states to recruit girls to 7 8 compete in the statewide pageants? 9 You see the impact once the state 10 pageant is complete. You see whether or not your contestant numbers were the same or 11 higher or lower than the previous year's and 12 we have seen a pretty massive reduction. 13 14 Of the five events of the seven we have done this fall four of those five have 15 had very large reductions of contestant 16 numbers, three of them double digit 17 18 reductions. 19 Let me show you Exhibit 23 in that Ο. 20 book over there. 21 Do you recognize Exhibit 23? 22 Α. Yes. This is the spreadsheet I 23 put together for you. 24 What does this spreadsheet show? Q. 25 The first column are the seven Α.

Page 169 1 Heitkamp - direct 2 states that we produce. 3 The second column says 2012. 4 Basically we produce the 2012 5 event in the fall of 2011. So that is last year's contestant numbers for our events. 6 The 2013 column shows the 7 8 contestant numbers thus far. Obviously, we 9 have two events that are still upcoming next weekend and Thanksgiving that haven't been 10 11 completed yet. 12 The third column shows the change in current year to previous year. So you 13 can see three of those states were double 14 15 digit reductions. 16 Wisconsin was the lone state that 17 had an increase. 18 So the net change was a pretty 19 drastic reduction. 20 Q. Is this -- before you go on, is this kind of volatility in the number of 21 contestants in your states something you 22 23 have seen before? 24 Α. No. Typically the contestant 25 numbers stay very consistent.

Page 170 1 Heitkamp - direct 2 We do the same set of marketing each year and to see this drastic of a 3 4 change is pretty dramatic. 5 Specifically, just because it was just last weekend, our South Dakota pageant 6 to go from 58 contestants to 43. 7 8 To see 15 contestants reduced from previous years, that is the lowest numbers 9 that we have ever produced in that state. 10 11 On a percentage basis is that a Ο. 12 significant change? 13 Α. That is massive, yes. Next to the column that says 14 Ο. "change," what is the arithmetic 15 16 computations there? 17 Each of these states have a Α. registration fee that they signed up to 18 compete so, for instance, the first row 19 there in that column is 16 times 899. 20 21 899 is the registration fee to 22 compete in Colorado. 23 Our average ticket price is \$35 and I know from a decade of doing this 24 amongst the states that we sell an average 25

Page 171 1 Heitkamp - direct about six-and-a-half tickets per contestant 2 for each show, a preliminary show and a 3 final show. 5 It gives the breakdown of the raw reduction in revenue is. 6 That second to last column, the 8 change in gross revenue, is just the 9 calculation summed up and then again as we said earlier your only expenses for those 10 additional contestants is hotels and meals 11 so the final column just takes into account 12 what expenses would have been put out for 13 those girls and it shows the reduction in 14 net profit for us as an organization. 15 16 This is a net total for your 0. organization for the five states that have 17 happened so far is a \$45,000 loss? 18 19 Α. Correct. 20 That is all off your bottom line? 21 Α. Correct. 22 Is that significant in your seven Ο. 23 state scheme? 24 You know, in our organization in Α. the midwest that is somebody's salary so, 25

		Page 17
1	nettkamb - dilect	
2	yes, it is quite significant.	
3	Q. Do you communicate with other	
4	state directors about how they are faring in	
5	their state pageants?	
6	A. This time of year it gets busy but	
7	I do communicate with all of them.	
8	They are very much so experiencing	
9	the same type of things that we are.	
10	Q. The same in some cases, double	
11	digit drops in contestants?	
12	A. Correct.	
13	THE ARBITRATOR: You said that you	
14	held five out of your seven events?	
15	THE WITNESS: Yes.	
16	THE ARBITRATOR: So do you	
17	actually know what the actual attendance	
18	was and how it correlates with what you	
19	sort of generally expect in terms of 6.5	
20	per contestant?	
21	THE WITNESS: I wouldn't have	
22	actual ticket sales numbers until the	
23	end of year.	
24	It is not something that is done	
25	necessarily on site but as a visual,	
	•	

Page 173 1 Heitkamp - direct 2 over doing it for ten years, we have to 3 plan our venues according to our 4 contestant numbers so knowing that calculation and knowing that average 5 6 number of ticket sales is really vital in the planning process because the last 7 8 thing you want to do is sell out and not 9 be able to have parents come in and watch their daughter compete so we have 10 11 gotten very good at knowing what that is 12 going to change. 13 That does not change or fluctuate 14 very much from year to year. 15 Six-and-a-half is pretty consistent for almost a decade. 16 17 BY MR. BALBER: 18 What is the basis for your belief Q. that this decline in your, at least five 19 states, is attributable to Ms. Monnin's 20 21 comments? 22 Α. When there is that big of a change, ten years is a pretty good sample 23 size to determine volatility in a market 24 25 like that.

Page 174 1 Heitkamp - direct To see that sort of reduction that we have never seen before, the only thing 3 that is different is the conversations that 4 we are having to have in reference to Sheena 5 6 Monnin's statements that she made, that is the only thing that has changed from our 7 8 standpoint. 9 What is going to happen to your organization if you continue to see double 10 digit declines in the number of girls who 11 compete in your pageants? 12 13 It becomes very difficult to run a Α. profitable organization, number one. 14 We will have to make reductions 15 and make changes and probably the end result 16 17 is going to be contacting the Miss Universe organization to renegotiate those franchise 18 fees that we pay every year. 19 20 There comes a point where paying 21 that much in a franchise fee will not be 22 possible because we can't generate the 23 contestant numbers to do it. 24 When did you fly in? 0. 25 Α. This morning.

Page 175 1 Heitkamp - direct 2 where did you come from? Q. 3 Well, our South Dakota event was Α. last night in Sioux Falls, South Dakota so it was a bit of a trip to get here. 5 6 Can you tell us why you flew in Q. from Sioux Falls this morning for a 10 or 15 7 8 minute bit of testimony? When there is that big of a change in our business. We are a small business, 10 11 we are three employees, and that is a 12 dramatic change. 13 This is mortgage payments and it is peoples' salaries that are changing at 14 this point so I am -- yes, I am running on 15 about 90 minutes sleep but it was important 16 for me to be here to make sure that people 17 understood the ground game end result when 18 there is that sort of change. 19 20 MR. BALBER: No further questions. 21 THE ARBITRATOR: Let me ask you, 22 do you have any interest in seeing one 23 of your seven states winners go on to be 24 Miss USA? 25 THE WITNESS: It is helpful.

Page 176 1 Heitkamp - direct There is no financial interest but it is 2 helpful in that it brings attention to 3 4 the state pageant. It is kind of like if the Yankees 5 win the World Series it brings an 6 interest to the City of New York. 7 8 The same goes for our states. we have a national winner it brings some 9 interest to the state, but other than 10 11 that, that is really --12 THE ARBITRATOR: Have you ever had 13 any feeling that the outcome of the contest, particularly in 2012, was not 14 15 truthful? 16 THE WITNESS: No. As directors we sit and watch these national pageants 17 every year and you become quite 18 accustomed to knowing which girls really 19 20 stand out and which ones will do well. 21 I had no questions about it. girl that won is extraordinary and she 22 was the one who I chose when I saw the 23 24 top 15 so it made absolute sense to me. 25 THE ARBITRATOR: Thank you.

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                            Heitkamp - direct
                     MR. BALBER: Thank you very much.
  2
  3
                     THE ARBITRATOR: Get some sleep.
  4
                     MR. BALBER: Let me get our next
  5
               witness.
  6
                     (Pause)
  7
                     MR. BALBER: I want to offer
  8
              Exhibit 23.
  9
                     THE ARBITRATOR: 23 will be
 10
              admitted.
 11
                     (Claimant's Exhibit 23 received in
12
              evidence)
          JONATHAN LOW, called as a witness by the
13
             Claimant, having been duly sworn,
14
15
             testified as follows:
16
          DIRECT EXAMINATION
17
        BY MR. BALBER:
18
                    Mr. Low, what do you do for a
              Q.
19
         living?
20
                    I am a partner in a consulting
             Α.
         firm called Predictiv Consulting.
21
22
                    We specialize in measuring the
23
         financial impact of intangibles like brand
24
         and reputation.
25
                   If you look in your exhibit book,
             Q.
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Page 178 1 Low - direct Exhibit 29, what is Exhibit 29? 2 3 Exhibit 29 appears to be my Α. biographical information. 4 5 MR. BALBER: We offer Exhibit 29. 6 THE ARBITRATOR: Admitted. (Claimant's Exhibit 29 received in 7 8 evidence) 9 BY MR. BALBER: 10 While it is all there, if you can 0. give us some of the highlights of your 11 12 professional career? 13 Α. Okay. I am a graduate of Dartmouth College and Yale University School 14 15 of Management. 16 I worked in various consulting 17 firms for a number of years. 18 I was a Deputy Assistant Secretary of Labor from 1993 to 1996. My title 19 assistant was deputy assistant for work and 20 21 technology policy. 22 A lot of work I did focused on trying to understand the transition through 23 24 which the economy was going from an industrial to a service-based economy. 25

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Low - direc

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2 I had a research budget of about \$2 million and much of the research we 3 4 sponsored focused on trying to understand why companies were going out of business and 5 specifically whether we could identify 6 predictive metrics that would help the 7 Department of Labor project when companies 8 in specific might be unloading in their 9 pension liabilities on the Pension Benefit 10 11 Guarantee Corporation.

- Q. What have you done since you left your position as -- under the secretary of labor?
- A. When I left the Department of
 Labor I went to work for the Ernst & Young
 consulting division which later became Cap
 Gemini Ernst & Young and I led a practice
 there focused on trying to identify, measure
 and help companies manage the impact of
 these intangibles which have become a much
 more dominant part of the performance of
 companies in the service economy but which
 are not covered by GAAP or international
 accounting standards.

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	1.	Low - direct
	2	Q. Then did you ultimately form your
	3	own organization?
l	4	A. Yes. In 2002 a colleague and I
	5	were given the opportunity to write a book
ļ	6	about our work on intangibles which we did.
l	7	It was called Invisible Advantage
	8	and as a result of the publication of that
	9	book we were encouraged to form our own firm
	10	which is Predictiv and have been working in
	11	that capacity ever since.
	12	Q. What are some of the things you
	13	have done through your Predictiv entity?
	14	A. We generally work with large
	15	corporations and try to help them understand
	16	the impact that factors like brand and
	17	reputation, the financial impact, the
	18	factors like brand and reputation might have
	19	on scenarios and outcomes that they are
	20	anticipating particularly in the global
	21	economy as they are facing competition,
	22	threats and opportunities from previously
2	23	unforeseen quarters.
2	24	Q. What was your assignment in this
2	25	case?

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İ	1	Low - direct
	2	A. We were asked to look at whether
	3	or not the allegations by Ms. Monnin might
	4	have an impact on the brand and reputation
l	5	of the Miss Universe organization, and, if
l	6	so, what the scope of that impact might be.
	7	Q. What did you do to execute that
	8	assignment?
	9	A. Well, the first thing we did was
	10	look for data that might shed light on the
	11	experience of other companies that had faced
	12	reputational challenges, whether actual or
	13	alleged and to see what the scope of the
	14	positive or negative impact might be.
	15	What we discovered was that the
	16	impact tended to be negative and it tended
	17	to be far more significant than we
	18	anticipated.
	19	We identified seven companies
	20	which in the last 10 to 15 years had
	21	suffered significant challenges, companies
:	22	like Toyota, Goldman Sachs, News Corp.,
1	23	Intel, Wal-Mart and so forth, British
2	24	Petroleum, and what we looked at was the
2	25	scope of the decline they experienced

Page 182 1 Low - direct particularly in the five months from the 2 point at which the allegations became public 3 and the five months succeeding that. 4 5 We chose the five month period because it has been five months since Ms. 6 Monnin's allegations became public. 1 8 What were some of the reputational Ο. 9 challenges that those seven companies you 10 identified have faced? 11 Well, perhaps the most dramatic, I Α. can go through all of them, but perhaps the 12 most dramatic was the one faced by Coca-Cola 13 14 in 1999. 15 You may recall that a group of Belgian school children became sick and 16 originally it was thought it was a stomach 17 virus but it turned out to be more 18 19 prolonged. 20 And the children alleged -- the 21 children and eventually their parents alleged that it was due to a bad batch of 22 23 Coca-Cola and although it was difficult chemically to identify what specifically 24 might have been bad about that batch, 25

Page 183 1 Low - direct Coca-Cola eventually acknowledged that it 2 could have been a batch of CO2 gas which is 3 used in the manufacture of Coca-Cola that 4 5 might have affected this. 6 Subsequent research determined 7 that, in fact, it was not a bad batch, there was nothing wrong with the CO2, but the 8 damage to Coca-Cola was almost catastrophic. 9 10 The company lost \$34 billion in 11 market value. Its European subsidiary registered a \$215 million loss for that 12 13 year. 14 The company's planned and previously agreed to acquisition of Orangina 15 which is a large European soft drink company 16 which was supposed to have been the catalyst 17 for its expansion into eastern Europe was 18 derailed by the European commission and six 19 months later the CEO was replaced so that is 20 probably the most extreme example. 21 22 I don't think it is necessarily a 23 bad one because it shows what can happen when individuals who may or may not be 24 motivated by goodwill or by their own 25